

#Jenny



Finally I get this ebook, thanks for all these I can get now!

#Rio



Cool! I'am really happy

#Markus Jensen



I did not think that this would work, my best friend showed me this website, and it does! I get my most wanted eBook

#Hun Tsu



wtf this great ebook for free?!

#Che Salsa



My friends are so mad that they do not know how I have all the high quality ebook which they do not!

#Diego Butler



so many fake sites. this is the first one which worked! Many thanks

BIOLOGY: Chapter 34 Assessment-Reptiles & Birds

True/False
Indicate whether the sentence or statement is true or false.

- Both reptiles and birds lay amniotic eggs.
- A reptile's high metabolism causes most reptiles to be endothermic.
- Reptiles have dry, largely watertight skin and lay watertight eggs.
- Reptiles must return to the water in order to reproduce.
- The surviving reptiles include crocodiles and alligators, turtles, the tuatara, and snakes.
- Feathers may be specialized for flight.
- Down feathers cover the body of adult birds.
- Birds have a three-chambered heart.
- The shape of a bird's beak is a strong indicator of its food source.

Multiple Choice
Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- Reptiles have:
 - internal fertilization.
 - endothermic metabolism.
 - external fertilization.
 - endothermic temperature regulation.
- Unlike other reptiles, turtles and tortoises:
 - live only in water.
 - are poikilothermic.
 - are endothermic.
 - do not have teeth.
- Snakes are reptiles of the order:
 - Squamata.
 - Chelonis.
 - Crocodylia.
 - Rhynchocephalia.
- Birds retain many reptilian features, including:
 - teeth.
 - a long bony tail.
 - scales on their feet and lower legs.
 - None of the above.
- Birds are different from reptiles in that they:
 - are endothermic.
 - have feathers, rather than scales, covering their bodies.
 - have four-chambered hearts.
 - All of the above.
- The bones of birds:
 - are composed primarily of keratin.
 - are solid.
 - are fused spirally throughout the body.
 - are thin and honeycomb.
- A bird's beak has

[Download PDF version of :](#)
Biology Chapter 19 Answers Book